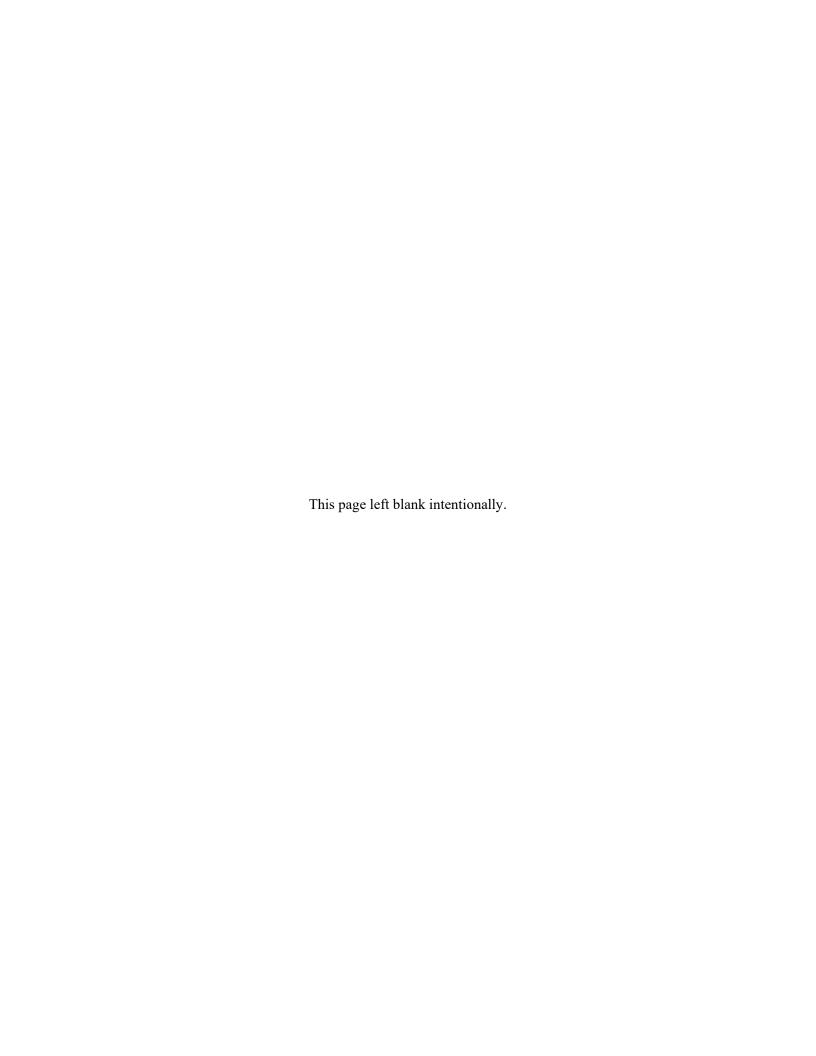
MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024





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MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PUBLIC OFFICIALS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

COMMISSIONERS COURT

Clark Osborne Steve Parrish Carl Wiseman Carl L. Cannon David Pohorelsky COUNTY AND DISTRICT ELECTH						
Jim Jackson	Constable Precinct No. 1					
Charles Turner						
Adrian Lawson						
Judi Delesandri	<u> </u>					
Jon Stevens.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Steven Cole	,					
Bobby Adams						
Karen Lane						
Courtney Cain	Criminal District Attorney					
Rhonda Savage	District Clerk					
David Moorman	District Judge, 12th Judicial District					
Hal R. Ridley	District Judge, 278th Judicial District					
APPOINTED OFFICIALS						
Susan Pugh	County Auditor					
Sara Nacianceno						
Allen Homann	•					
Shelly Butts						
Erica Greene						
Bobbie Duke						
Tom McWhorter	Building Maintenance Supervisor					

FINANCIAL SECTION

517 S. First St. | P.O. Box 468 Lufkin, TX 75902-0468 | (936) 632-8181

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Madison County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the fiduciary activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madison County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the fiduciary activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madison County, Texas as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT – CONTINUED

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability, and the schedule of pension contributions and related notes on pages 11 - 17 and 63 - 77, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT – CONTINUED

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the combining fiduciary fund statements on pages 83-109 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the combining fiduciary fund statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 4, 2025, on pages 113-114, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP Lufkin, Texas

August 4, 2025

As management of Madison County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider information presented here as well as the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

- The County's overall assets exceeded its total liabilities by \$21,861,803 (net position) at September 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$11,226,904 is available to be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total assets decreased by \$1,169,464 from the prior year; total liabilities decreased by \$953,517 from the prior year.
- Overall expenses exceeded revenues (or a decrease in net position) by \$89,819. Depreciation and amortization expenses of \$1,285,199 is included in these expenses.

Fund Financial Statements

- O At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,525,163. Overall expenditures exceeded revenues by \$2,943,273.
- o At September 30, 2024, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8,354,444, or approximately 64% of total General Fund expenditures (including transfers).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements*, which begin on page 23 of this report, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest, which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 to 35 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the County's own programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 37-39 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43 to 60 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. The County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$21,861,803 at September 30, 2024.

A significant portion of the County's net position, or \$8,650,086, reflects its investment in capital and right of use assets (capital assets - \$9,269,163 less the outstanding portion of debt used to acquire those assets \$620,000; and right of use assets - \$362,414 less the related outstanding operating lease liabilities \$361,491). The County uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position totaling \$1,984,813 represents resources that are subject to restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$11,226,904 is unrestricted in nature and available to be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The County's Net Position

	 2024	 2023	Change	
Current Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents, and CDs	\$ 14,656,532	\$ 17,851,830	\$	(3,195,298)
Property taxes receivable, net	319,677	281,510		38,167
Sales taxes receivable	208,256	290,019		(81,763)
Court fines, net	67,215	66,476		739
Grants and other receivable	88,805	26,593		62,212
Prepaid expenses	 237,984	 211,202		26,782
Total current assets	 15,578,469	 18,727,630		(3,149,161)
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital and right of use assets, net	 9,631,577	 7,651,880		1,979,697
Total noncurrent assets	 9,631,577	 7,651,880		1,979,697
Total Assets	 25,210,046	 26,379,510		(1,169,464)
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension plan	 697,590	 670,297		27,293
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 697,590	 670,297		27,293
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	603,105	449,062		154,043
Accrued interest	2,222	2,925		(703)
Cash bonds pending	148,561	167,699		(19,138)
Unearned revenues	 1,974,728	 2,330,959		(356,231)
Total current liabilities	 2,728,616	 2,950,645		(222,029)
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated absences	216,326	191,045		25,281
Net pension liability	113,235	558,524		(445,289)
Long-term debt	 981,491	 1,292,971		(311,480)
Total noncurrent liabilities	 1,311,052	 2,042,540		(731,488)
Total Liabilities	 4,039,668	 4,993,185		(953,517)
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension plan	 6,165	 105,000		(98,835)
Total Inferred Outflows of Resources	 6,165	 105,000		(98,835)
Net Position				
Invested in capital				
and right of use assets, net of related debt	8,650,086	6,358,909		2,291,177
Restricted	1,984,813	1,193,183		791,630
Unrestricted	 11,226,904	 14,399,530		(3,172,626)
Total Net Position	\$ 21,861,803	\$ 21,951,622	\$	(89,819)

The following table provides a summary of the County's change in net position for the year ended September 30, 2024. Overall, expenses exceeded revenues by \$89,819 (decreasing the County's net position).

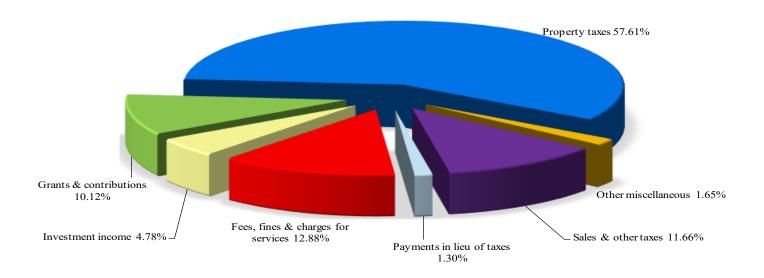
Overall revenues increased by \$1,335,196 – due in part to an increase in grant funds (ARPA and Sheriff and DA RLEA Grants), as well as fluctuations in property taxes and investment earnings.

Overall expenses increased from the prior year by \$1,327,677. Changes in totals expenses by program are shown below.

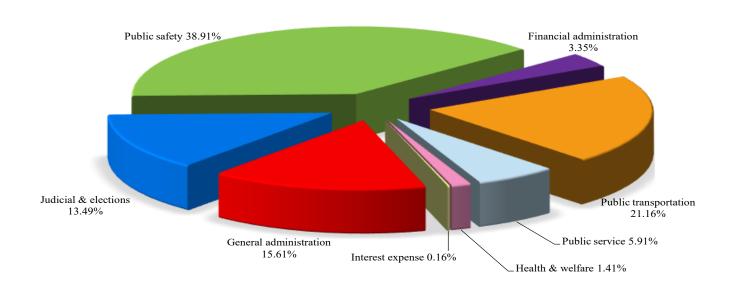
Change in Net Position

	2024		2023		 Change
Program Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	1,683,864	\$	1,669,360	\$ 14,504
Operating grants and contributions		825,363		509,850	315,513
Capital grants and contributions		497,668		53,214	444,454
General Revenues					
Property taxes		7,528,394		7,195,004	333,390
Sales and other taxes		1,523,208		1,568,792	(45,584)
Investment earnings		624,916		525,963	98,953
Payment in lieu of taxes		169,711		113,174	56,537
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		97,770		41,334	56,436
Other		118,022		57,029	60,993
Total Revenues		13,068,916		11,733,720	 1,335,196
Program Expenses					
General administration		2,053,532		1,887,939	165,593
Financial administration		440,943		449,784	(8,841)
Judicial and elections		1,775,528		1,520,703	254,825
Public service		778,304		858,365	(80,061)
Public safety		5,119,565		4,314,865	804,700
Public transportation		2,783,937		2,647,524	136,413
Health and welfare		185,347		111,612	73,735
Pass-through grants		-		_	-
Interest charges		21,579		40,266	 (18,687)
Total Program Expenses		13,158,735		11,831,058	 1,327,677
Change in Net Position		(89,819)		(97,338)	7,519
Net Position Beginning		21,951,622		22,048,960	 (97,338)
Net Position Ending	\$	21,861,803	\$	21,951,622	\$ (89,819)

Revenues by Source For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024



Expenses by Function For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balances* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 28 to 35.

As of September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$12,525,163. This fund balance is comprised of \$4,170,719 that is either in a nonspendable form, restricted, or committed/assigned for specific purpose. The remaining balance, \$8,354,444, is unassigned. Overall expenditures exceeded revenues in the current year by \$2,943,273.

Budgetary Comparisons. A comparison of the major funds budget and actual results are presented as required supplementary information on pages 63 to 69.

General Fund. Actual revenues were higher than budgeted amounts by \$945,981. Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$1,340,703. Actual other financing sources (uses) were favorable to budgeted amounts by \$2,130,344. An overall decrease in fund balance of \$7,576,682 had been projected. Overall fund balance decreased by \$3,159,654.

Road and Bridge Fund. Actual revenues were higher than budgeted amounts by \$24,932. Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$484,714. Actual other financing sources (uses) were unfavorable to budgeted amounts by \$100,193. An overall decrease in fund balance of \$728,770 had been projected. The actual decrease in fund balance was \$319,317.

Capital Projects Fund. Actual revenues were higher than budgeted amounts by \$116,803. Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$3,092,156. Actual other financing sources (uses) were unfavorable to budgeted amounts by \$2,058,197. An overall decrease in fund balance of \$778,400 had been projected. Overall fund balance increased by \$372,362.

Grants Fund. Actual revenues were higher than budgeted amounts by \$414,930. Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$1,998,999. An overall decrease in fund balance of \$2,413,929 had been projected. Overall fund balance did not change.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's net investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2024 totaled \$9,269,163

Capital assets of \$2,817,623 (net of trade-ins and prior year CIP placed in service) were acquired during the year. Significant purchases included:

- o Sheriff's administration office
- Courthouse roof (ARPA funded)
- o Courthouse security and surveillance equipment (ARPA funded)
- o Courthouse elevator improvements (ARPA funded)
- o Various vehicles and equipment for various departments

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

]	Beginning	ng Addition		Disposals			Ending		
Land	\$	13,160	\$	1,071,636	\$	-	\$	1,084,796		
CIP		18,500.00		89,501		(18,500)		89,501		
Buildings and Improvements		9,021,359		507,392		-		9,528,751		
Roads and bridges		114,337		=		-		114,337		
Vehicles		1,757,913		460,596		(35,139)		2,183,370		
Equipment		6,041,158		717,998		(137,999)		6,621,157		
Totals (historical cost)		16,966,427		2,847,123		(191,638)		19,621,912		
Accumulated depreciation		(9,314,547)		(1,187,957)		149,755		(10,352,749)		
Net capital assets	\$	7,651,880	\$	1,659,166	\$	(41,883)	\$	9,269,163		

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt and lease obligations of \$981,491. During the year, all leases with Enterprise Fleet Management were terminated and three leases for police equipment with Axon were assumed.

Debt Outstanding

	Beginning Balance	Additions			eductions	Ending Balance	
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	5,000
Certificates of obligation	810,000		-		(195,000)		615,000
Leases	-		459,655		(98,164)		361,491
Financing leases	 477,971				(477,971)		-
Total	\$ 1,292,971	\$	459,655	\$	(771,135)	\$	981,491

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The general fund revenues for fiscal year 2024-2025 are expected to increase by 36% from the prior year. Some significant revenues forecasted to change include an increase in ad valorem tax collections by 10% and an increase in sales tax collections by 6%. In addition, expenditures for the general fund are budgeted to decrease by about 1% from the prior year not including transfers to other funds. The budgeted transfers to other funds are expected to decrease by 72.5% from the prior year. If these estimates are realized, the general fund balance should increase by \$1,000 for fiscal year 2024-2025.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Madison County Auditor at (936) 241-6200 or write to 103 West Trinity, Madisonville, Texas 77864.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Primary Government			
	Governmental			
	Activities	Total		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,317,854			
Certificates of deposit	6,000,000	6,000,000		
Receivables				
Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectibles	319,677	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Sales taxes	208,256			
Grants	58,661	58,661		
Court fines, net of allowance for uncollectibles	67,215			
Other	30,144			
Prepaids	237,984	237,984		
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	3,338,678	3,338,678		
Right of use assets, net of accumulated amortization	362,414	362,414		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,269,163	9,269,163		
TOTAL ASSETS	25,210,046	25,210,046		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan	697,590	697,590		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	697,590	697,590		
LIADH IZEG				
LIABILITIES	220.000	220.006		
Accounts payable	339,996			
Accrued expenses	263,109			
Accrued interest	2,222	· ·		
Cash bonds pending	148,561	148,561		
Unearned revenues	1,974,728	1,974,728		
Noncurrent liabilities				
Long-term debt	204 420	204 420		
Due within one year	284,439			
Due in more than one year	697,052			
Compensated absences	216,326	216,326		
Net pension liability	113,235	113,235		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,039,668	4,039,668		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan	6,165	6,165		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,165	6,165		
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital and right of use assets, net of related debt	8,650,086	8,650,086		
Restricted for				
Pension	578,190	578,190		
General administration	10,870	10,870		
Judicial and elections	349,785	349,785		
Public service	949,192	949,192		
Public safety	74,894	74,894		
Health and welfare	21,882	21,882		
Unrestricted	11,226,904	11,226,904		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 21,861,803	\$ 21,861,803		

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	 Expenses
Primary government	
Governmental activities	
General administration	\$ 2,053,532
Financial administration	440,943
Judicial and elections	1,775,528
Public service	778,304
Public safety	5,119,565
Public transportation	2,783,937
Health and welfare	185,347
Interest on long-term debt	 21,579
Total governmental activities	\$ 13,158,735

	Program Revenues					Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
	ees, Fines,		perating		Capital		_	
	harges for		rants and		Frants and	G	overnmental	
	Services	Con	ntributions	Co	ontributions		Activities	
\$	60,480	\$	32,809	\$	333,857	\$	(1,626,386)	
•	36,809	,	-	•	-	,	(404,134)	
	611,296		296,866		-		(867,366)	
	324,253		82,457		-		(371,594)	
	186,701		363,792		160,079		(4,408,993)	
	464,325		45,826		3,732		(2,270,054)	
	-		3,613		-		(181,734)	
			-				(21,579)	
\$	1,683,864	\$	825,363	\$	497,668		(10,151,840)	
Gene	ral revenues							
Pro	perty taxes						7,528,394	
Sal	es taxes						1,158,271	
Oth	er taxes						364,937	
Inv	estment incom	ne					624,916	
•	ments in lieu						169,711	
	n (loss) on sal		sets				97,770	
Mis	scellaneous inc	come					118,022	
G	eneral revenu	es, net					10,062,021	
	Change in net	positio	on				(89,819)	
Net p	osition - begin	nning					21,951,622	
Net p	osition - endir	ng				\$	21,861,803	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	 General Fund	Road and ridge Fund		Capital Projects Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,981,899	\$ 1,180,727	\$	1,208,007
Certificates of deposit	6,000,000	-		-
Receivables	201 456	21 (72		
Property taxes, net of allowance	281,456	21,673		-
Sales taxes Grants	208,256	-		-
Other - miscellaneous	30,144	-		-
Due from other funds	56,641	29,880		-
Prepaid items	209,181	17,772		_
	 	 17,772	_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,767,577	\$ 1,250,052	\$	1,208,007
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Deficit in pooled cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable	175,121	35,491		10,000
Accrued expenses	209,461	32,515		-
Cash bonds pending	148,561	-		-
Due to other funds	113,603	23,336		24,639
Unearned revenues	 	 		
Total liabilities	 646,746	 91,342		34,639
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	 229,925	 16,876		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	 229,925	 16,876		
Fund balances				
Nonspendable	209,181	17,772		-
Restricted	327,281	-		1,173,368
Committed for:				
Indigent healthcare	-	-		-
Assigned	-	1,124,062		-
Unassigned	 8,354,444	 		
Total fund balances	 8,890,906	 1,141,834		1,173,368
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,767,577	\$ 1,250,052	\$	1,208,007

Grants Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	1,851,707	\$ 1,439,826	\$	8,662,166 6,000,000		
	-	16,548 -		319,677 208,256		
	-	58,661		58,661 30,144		
	91,850	 38,644 11,031		217,015 237,984		
\$	1,943,557	\$ 1,564,710	\$	15,733,903		
\$	-	\$ 5,634	\$	5,634		
	24,587	94,797		339,996 263,109		
	-	21,133		148,561		
	5,410	50,027		217,015		
	1,913,560	 61,168		1,974,728		
	1,943,557	 232,759		2,949,043		
	_	12,896		259,697		
	-	12,896		259,697		
		<u> </u>				
	-	11,031		237,984		
	-	1,111,890		2,612,539		
	-	196,134		196,134		
	-	-		1,124,062		
		 		8,354,444		
		 1,319,055		12,525,163		
\$	1,943,557	\$ 1,564,710	\$	15,733,903		

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	12,525,163
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Certain property tax and fines revenues are not available to pay current period		
expenditures and therefore, are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds.		
Property Taxes 259,697		226.012
Court Fines <u>67,215</u>		326,912
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Right of use assets, net of acccumulated amortization 362,414		
Capital assets, net of accoumulated depreciation 9,269,163		9,631,577
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when paid.		
Deferred pension plan amounts relate to subsequent pension plan measurement		
periods and therefore are reported as assets or obligations in the statement of activities.		
Net Pension Liability (Asset) (113,235)	,	
Deferred Outflows - Pension 697,590		
Deferred Inflows - Pension (6,165)		578,190
Payables for accrued interest on long-term liabilities are not due in the current		
period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(218,548)
Payables for long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Operating leases (361,491)	,	
Bonds (5,000)		
Certificates of obligation (615,000)	_	(981,491)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	21,861,803

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General Fund		Road and Bridge Fund		_	Capital Projects Fund	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	6,472,083	\$	590,319	\$	-	
General sales and use taxes		1,158,271		-		-	
Selective sales and use taxes		313,206		-		-	
Fees, licenses, and permits		764,347		464,325		-	
Charges for services		136,028		-		-	
Fines and forfeitures		230,828		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		140,049		15,827		-	
Contributions and donations from private sources		-		30,000		-	
Payments in lieu of taxes		169,711		-		-	
Investment earnings		353,826		53,223		122,803	
Insurance proceeds		82,579		-		-	
Other revenue		23,776		6,213			
Total revenues		9,844,704		1,159,907		122,803	
EXPENDITURES							
General administration		1,849,023		-		-	
Financial administration		469,695		-		-	
Judicial and elections		1,605,930		-		-	
Public service		668,073		-		-	
Public safety		4,227,541		-		-	
Public transportation		-		2,498,776		-	
Health and welfare		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		960,246		283,120		1,701,714	
Debt service							
Principal		13,596		1,421		-	
Interest		1,168		27			
Total expenditures		9,795,272		2,783,344		1,701,714	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		49,432		(1,623,437)		(1,578,911)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		6,033		104,120		-	
Transfers in		7,200		1,200,000		1,951,273	
Transfers out		(3,222,319)		-		-	
Net other financing sources (uses)		(3,209,086)		1,304,120		1,951,273	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,159,654)		(319,317)		372,362	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	12,050,560		1,461,151		801,006	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	8,890,906	\$	1,141,834	\$	1,173,368	

	1	Nonmajor	Total				
Grants	Go	vernmental	Governmental				
Fund		Funds		Funds			
\$ -	\$	451,293	\$	7,513,695			
_	7	-	7	1,158,271			
_		51,731		364,937			
_		72,598		1,301,270			
_		15,000		151,028			
_		-		230,828			
420,421		714,920		1,291,217			
-		1,814		31,814			
_		-		169,711			
_		95,064		624,916			
_		-		82,579			
_		5,454		35,443			
420,421		1,407,874		12,955,709			
120,121		1,107,071	_	12,900,109			
363,967		2,687		2,215,677			
-		_,=-		469,695			
_		197,774		1,803,704			
_		138,618		806,691			
52,722		427,405		4,707,668			
3,732		-		2,502,508			
-		179,535		179,535			
-		146,586		3,091,666			
_		195,000		210,017			
_		20,779		21,974			
420,421		1,308,384		16,009,135			
720,721		1,500,504		10,007,133			
		99,490		(3,053,426)			
-		-		110,153			
-		71,046		3,229,519			
-		(7,200)		(3,229,519)			
		63,846		110,153			
-		163,336		(2,943,273)			
		1,155,719		15,468,436			
\$ -	\$	1,319,055	\$	12,525,163			

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$	(2,943,273)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	14 (00	
Change in property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of year end. Change in court fines receivable	14,699 738	15,437
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.		
Issuance of debt relating to operating leases	(459,655)	
Principal payments on financing leases	477,971	
Principal payments on operating leases	98,164	
Principal payments on certificates of obligation	195,000	311,480
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Capital additions (net of trade-ins and CIP placed in service)	2,817,623	
Capital additions, funded by long-term debt	459,655	
Current period amortization expense	(97,242)	
Current period depreciation expense	(1,187,957)	1,992,079
The statement of activities reports gains (losses) arising from the disposal of capital assets as the difference between the proceeds from disposal and the net book value of the assets. The governmental funds report only the proceeds from the disposal. This amount represents the net book values of capital assets disposed		
during the year.		(12,382)
This amount represents the change in net pension assets and liabilities from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.		571,416
Amount represents the change in accrued compensated absences from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.		(25,280)
Amount represents the change in accrued interest expense from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.	-	704
Change in net position of governmental activities	9	(89,819)

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 3,853,601
Invested cash	625,478
Due from other funds	_
TOTAL ASSETS	4,479,079
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,412
Due to other funds	876
Due to other governmental units	1,573,464
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,577,752
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, organizations, or other governments	2,901,327
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,901,327

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Taxes and fees collected	\$ 43,241,193
Trust/escrow contributions	1,979,914
Inmate accounts	212,625
Hot check collections	2,012
Seizures pending judgment	44,480
Investment interest	25,563
TOTAL ADDITIONS	45,505,787
DEDUCTIONS	
Taxes and fees collected for Madison County	9,427,645
Taxes and fees collected for other governments	33,581,021
Disbursements to beneficiaries	4,498,292
Inmate accounts	61,822
Refunds and overpayments	252,926
Other expenses	132,887
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	47,954,593
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(2,448,806)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,350,133
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,901,327

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Introduction

The financial statements of Madison County, Texas (the "County") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting and reporting policies used by the County are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

Madison County, Texas (the "County") is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County is governed by an elected Commissioners Court, comprised of the County Judge and four Commissioners. The County provides the following services as authorized by the laws of the State of Texas: general administration (e.g. tax collection), financial administration, judicial and elections (courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public service (e.g. veterans, library, etc.), public safety (sheriff, jail, etc.), public transportation, and health and welfare (e.g. assistance to indigents).

For financial reporting purposes, based on standards established by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, these financial statements should present the County (the primary government) and its component units. Component units generally are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The County does not have any blended or discretely presented component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information on all of the activities of the County as a whole. *Governmental activities* include programs normally supported by taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity is eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment to GASB 62 ("GASB 100"), is intended to enhance accounting and financial reporting for accounting changes and error corrections and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. Implementation of GASB 100 is reflected in the County's financial disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* ("GASB 101"), is intended to update the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. Management has not evaluated the effects of implementing GASB 101 on the financial disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures ("GASB 102"), is intended to improve financial reporting and disclosure of certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2024. Management has not evaluated the effects of implementing GASB 102 on the financial disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements ("GASB 103"), is intended to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2025. Management has not evaluated the effects of implementing GASB 103 on the financial disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* ("GASB 104"), updates required disclosure information relating to capital assets. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2025. Management has not evaluated the effects of implementing GASB 104 on the financial disclosures.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which grantor eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Debt service expenditures, both principal and interest, are recorded only when payment is due.

Major governmental fund revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, property taxes, and investment income. In general, all other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The County's funds are classified as either governmental or fiduciary and are described below.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds account for all or most of a government's general activity.

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, fines, fees, license and permits, and intergovernmental revenue and grants. Expenditures include general administration; financial administration; judicial and elections; public service; and public safety.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the collection of interest and sinking funds collected and expenditures for the payment of the County's certificates of obligation.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the County or a grantor in a special revenue fund.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by a government in a trustee or agency capacity on behalf of others.

Agency funds are used to account for assets received and held for the benefit of other funds, individuals, or organizations. Agency funds held by the county function as clearing accounts and are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

As of September 30, 2024, the general fund, road and bridge fund, capital projects fund, and grants fund are reported as major governmental funds. The County has no proprietary funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the County's policy to generally consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the County that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts. In both instances, when a proposed expenditure is made with specific balances identified as the source of the funding, that specific fund balance will be used.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The County maintains pooled cash and cash equivalents accounts. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash and cash equivalents account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month's end. The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Cash equivalents, stated at fair value, include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Certificates of deposit consist of deposits with original maturities greater than three months. Certificates of deposit are recorded at cost, which approximates market value at September 30, 2024.

The County is required by the Public Funds Collateral Act (Government Code, chapter 2257) to maintain security for all deposits of funds that exceed coverage provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). As of the balance sheet date, the County's cash deposits were fully collateralized by securities pledged by the depository banks. Based on audit procedures conducted in conjunction with the audit of the basic financial statements, the County appears to have complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Collateral Act.

The County is required by the Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code, chapter 2256) (the "Act") to adopt, implement, and publicize a written investment policy which primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, and addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity. Additionally, the policy must address the quality and capability of investment management and include the types of investments in which the entity may invest its funds, as well as the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment, the maximum dollar-weighted average maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio of pooled fund groups, and bid requirements for certificates of deposit.

The County is authorized to invest in financial instruments, as authorized by the Act, including:

- U.S. Treasury securities which have a liquid market; direct obligations of the State of Texas, and other obligations that are guaranteed by the State of Texas or United States of America;
- obligations of states, agencies, counties, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent;
- fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposit at commercial banks;
- repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury or U.S. Government Agency securities in accordance with a master repurchase agreement;
- joint pools of political subdivisions in the State of Texas which invest in instruments and follow practices allowed by current law (the pool must be continuously rated no lower than "AAA" or "AAA-m" by at least one nationally recognized rating service).

The Act also requires an annual audit of investment practices. Based on audit procedures conducted in conjunction with the audit of the basic financial statements, the County appears to have complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The County evaluates the fair value of its non-investment financial instruments based on the current interest rate environment and current pricing of debt instruments with comparable terms. The carrying value of all non-investment financial instruments, including debt, is considered to approximate fair value.

Property Tax Receivables

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On February 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The County provides an allowance for all delinquent property taxes, calculated based on historical collection rates.

The County bills and collects for its own taxes and those for certain governmental entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the Tax Assessor's Ad Valorem Fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the general, road and bridge, indigent health, and debt service funds of the County. The distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioner's Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The tax rate, per \$100 valuation, adopted for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

Maintenance and operation	\$.46540
Interest and sinking	 .01460
Total	\$.48000

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the county-wide appraisal district which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of the property within the County must be reviewed every three years by the appraisal district unless the County, at its own expense, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets its ad valorem tax rates. Property tax receivables reflect outstanding and delinquent property tax levies and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is calculated based on historical collection rates.

Grant Receivables

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors in regard to approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements have been met and reimbursable costs are incurred.

Accounts Receivable - Court Fines

Accounts receivable from customers consists of amounts arising from fines issued by county and state law enforcement. Gross receivable balances include fines for which judgments have been rendered against the defendant owing the fine. The receivable is reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts which is calculated using an allowance of 95%.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets are classified as restricted because they are maintained in separate accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants, grant agreements, laws or regulations, and/or other contractual agreements.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The County's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and reported in the applicable governmental type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Infrastructure assets are a subset of capital assets and primarily consist of roads and bridges. GASB No. 34 encourages but does not require Phase 3 governments (counties with revenues of less than \$10 million) to retroactively report major general infrastructure assets. New roads and bridges acquired after October 1, 2003 are required to be reported.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

The estimated useful lives of the County's capital assets are as follows:

Infrastructure	30 years
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	20 years
Vehicles	2 to 15 years
Office equipment	3 to 15 years
Computer equipment	3 to 15 years

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows of Resources. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The County has one item, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. The amount, relating to the County's pension plan, is described more fully later in these notes. These item is reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one item, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. The amount, relating to the County's pension plan, is described more fully later in these notes. This item is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. The County has two items, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualify for reporting in this category: Unavailable revenue – property taxes and unavailable revenue – grants are reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and are deferred and recognized as an inflow in the period that the amounts become available.

Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation time, comp time, and holiday pay for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- Leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered;
- Leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life

of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the bond premiums or discounts. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period such activity occurs. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Assets acquired under the terms of financing leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financial sources and as capital outlay in the acquiring fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the applicable fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County & District Retirement System ("TCDRS") and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position and Fund Balances

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the County's total assets and total liabilities represents net position. Net position is displayed in three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. At September 30, 2024, restricted net position represents monies that are legally restricted for payment of debt service, law enforcement costs, grant costs, or other activities for which special assessments or revenues have been received. Unrestricted net position represents the net assets available for future operations.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes due to constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Commissioners Court – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Commissioners Court.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Process

The County Judge submits a proposed annual budget for the next succeeding fiscal year to the Commissioners Court for review and approval prior to year-end. Routinely, several budget workshops are held in which the proposed budget is reviewed and possibly revised. In September, the Commissioners Court and County Judge legally enact the annual budget by passage of a resolution.

A proposed annual operating budget is filed by the County Judge and Commissioners Court with the County Clerk's office and made available for public inspection at least 15 days prior to public budget hearing. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally enacted by the Commissioners Court on or before October 1, as required by statute. Only the Commissioners Court may amend the budget. Under state statute, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgetary appropriations at any level for which the budget is formally approved. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. Budgets are adopted for all funds except the fiduciary funds.

Subsequent to approval, the Commissioners' Court and County Judge may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and expenditures. The County amended its budget several times during the year, with all budget amendments being approved by a resolution of the Commissioners Court.

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

ASSETS

Deposits and Investments

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the maturity of any single investment to twelve months or less.

Credit Risk. State law and the County's investment policy limit investments to obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at depository banks to be collateralized. As of September 30, 2024, the County's balances with depository banks totaled \$19,717,301. Included in the balances are custodial funds in the amount of \$4,602,899 and certificates of deposit in the amount of \$6,000,000. All deposits were fully collateralized by securities pledged by the depository banks with total collateral value of \$24,457,116, in addition to FDIC coverage.

Restricted Assets

Restrictions on cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2024 are as follows:

Restricted for:		
Debt service	\$	23,110
District attorney forfeitures		33,293
Cash bonds pending		148,561
Grants		1,938,147
Special revenue funds:		
General administration		10,870
Judicial and elections		65,498
Public service		940,358
Public safety		156,959
Health and welfare	_	21,882
Totals	<u>\$</u>	3,338,678

Receivables

Receivable and Uncollectible Accounts. Receivables at year end for the County's individual major funds, including the related allowances for uncollectible accounts are summarized in the table that follows.

	Property	Sales					Court		
	Taxes		Taxes	Grants		Fines		Other	
Receivables by fund									
General fund	\$ 762,176	\$	208,256	\$	-	\$	1,344,291	\$	30,144
Road and bridge	58,691		-		-		-		_
Grants fund	-		-		-		-		-
Nonmajor funds	 44,811		-		58,661				_
Gross receivables	 865,678		208,256		58,661		1,344,291		30,144
Allowances by fund									
General fund	(480,720)		-		-		(1,277,076)		-
Road and bridge	(37,018)		-		-		-		-
Nonmajor funds	 (28,263)								
Total allowances	 (546,001)			_			(1,277,076)		
Receivables, net	\$ 319,677	\$	208,256	\$	58,661	\$	67,215	\$	30,144

Property Taxes. Of the \$865,678 in gross property taxes receivable, \$592,247 represents the outstanding balances of assessments for tax years 2022 and prior.

Right of Use Assets - Leases

Assets relating to leases are recorded at the net present value of their future minimum lease payments and are amortized over the life of the lease agreement. A summary of changes in right of use assets leases for the year follows. See also, *Leases - Axon* later in these notes.

	Balance							Balance		
	09/30/2023		Additions		<u>Disposals</u>		09/30/2024			
Equipment from leases	\$	-	\$	459,655	\$	-	\$	459,655		
Accumulated amortization	-			(97,241)	-	-		<u>(97,241</u>)		
Total right of use assets, net	\$		\$	362,414	\$		\$	362,414		

Amortization expense of \$97,241 was charged to public safety expenses.

Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2024 are as follows:

Capital assets, not being depreciate	Balance 09/30/2023	Additions	Disposals/ Placed in Service	Balance 09/30/2024
Land	\$ 13,160 18,500	\$ 1,071,636	\$ -	\$ 1,084,796
Construction in progress Total not being depreciated	31,660	89,501 1,161,137	(18,500) (18,500)	89,501 1,174,297
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Total being depreciated	9,021,359 114,337 1,757,913 6,041,158 16,934,767	507,392 - 460,596 717,998 	(35,139) (137,999) (173,138)	9,528,751 114,337 2,183,370 6,621,157 18,447,615
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Total accumulated depreciation Total being depreciated, net Total capital assets, net	(5,121,395) (62,462) (788,195) (3,342,495) (9,314,547) 7,620,220 \$ 7,651,880	(330,544) (5,717) (313,967) (537,729) (1,187,957) 498,029 \$ 1,659,166	31,625 118,130 149,755 (23,383) \$ (41,883)	(5,451,939) (68,179) (1,070,537) (3,762,094) (10,352,749) 8,094,866 \$ 9,269,163

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions of governmental activities as follows:

General administration	\$	230,412
Public services		8,840
Health and welfare		5,812
Public safety		514,879
Judicial and elections		53,578
Public transportation		374,436
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,187,957

LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Unavailable Revenue/Unearned Revenue

Unavailable revenues are reported on the fund financial statements only and consist of the portion of receivables uncollected within 60 days of year end. Unearned revenues consist of grant funds that apply to future expenditures/expenses. A summary of unavailable and unearned revenues follows.

	General Fund	 oad and Bridge	Grants Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Totals
Unavailable revenue	 _		 _	_	 _
Property taxes	\$ 229,925	\$ 16,876	\$ 	\$ 12,896	\$ 259,697
Totals	\$ 229,925	\$ 16,876	\$ 	\$ 12,896	\$ 259,697
Unearned revenue					
ARPA grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,894,943	\$ -	\$ 1,894,943
DA RLEA grant	-	-	-	61,168	61,168
Opioid funds	-	-	18,559	-	18,559
HAVA grant	 	 -	 58	 	 58
Totals	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 1,913,560	\$ 61,168	\$ 1,974,728

Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance 09/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 09/30/24	Due Within One Year
Long-term debt:					
Direct borrowings					
Financing leases	\$ 477,971	\$ -	\$ (477,971)	\$ -	\$ -
Leases		459,655	(98,164)	361,491	84,439
	477,971	459,655	(576,135)	361,491	84,439
Other debt:		·			
1968 Bonds	5,000	-	-	5,000	-
2012 Certificates	810,000		(195,000)	615,000	200,000
	815,000		(195,000)	620,000	200,000
Other:		·			
Compensated					
Absences	191,045	222,012	(196,731)	216,326	176,880
Totals	\$ 1,484,016	\$ 681,667	\$ (967,866)	\$ 1,197,817	\$ 461,319

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings		Other Debt			
Year ending September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest
2025	84,439	10,845	\$	200,000	\$	14,883
2026	89,177	8,312		205,000		9,031
2027	94,147	5,636		215,000		3,035
2028	93,728	2,812				
Total	361,491	27,605	\$	620,000	\$	26,949

Long-term and other debt payable during the year ended September 30, 2024, were comprised of the following:

Financing Leases - Enterprise. In the prior year, the County has entered into various lease purchase agreements for the purpose of acquiring vehicles. During the year, the County paid-off the remaining leases and retained the related assets. The agreements were calculated using an imputed interest rate of 3.00% resulting in interest charges of \$1,195.

Leases - Axon. The County has entered into agreements with Axon for the use of various equipment by the sheriff's department. These leases have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of inception date and have been calculated using an imputed interest rate of 3.00%, resulting in interest charges of \$309 for the year. The County paid \$98,473 under the contracts during the year. The terms of the related agreements are as follows:

Body camera hardware and software. The agreement is due in five annual payments of \$34,513 beginning in December 2023.

In-car video system hardware and software. The agreement requires five annual payments beginning in December 2023 in increasing amounts beginning with \$53,021 and ending with \$62,027 due in 2027.

Tasers. The agreement is due in five annual payments of \$5,629 beginning in November 2022.

Madison County, Texas General Obligation Bonds, Series 1968 (Other Debt). Issued by the County in 1968 as bearer bonds, \$5,000 remains unredeemed.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012 (Other Debt). On April 15, 2012, the County issued \$2,600,000 of certificates of obligation at an interest rate of 2.89% for the purpose of renovating the County Annex. The bonds are secured by the County's ad valorem taxes and require annual payments of principal and semi-annual payments of interest at varying amounts. The County has levied an interest and sinking tax component of ad valorem tax to secure the certificates. The bonds have been recorded in the debt service fund.

Bond Compliance Requirements

The bond ordinances require that during the period in which the bonds are outstanding, the County must create and maintain certain accounts or funds to receive the proceeds from the sale of the bonds and to account for the revenues (as defined) and/or taxes, which are pledged for payment of the bonds. The assets can be used only in accordance with the terms of the bond ordinance and for the specific purpose(s) designated therein. At year end, the County had cash totaling \$24,915 available in the debt service fund to service long-term debt.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

Interest charges, including imputed interest	\$ 22,282
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable	 (704)
Total	\$ 21,578

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. Madison County participates as one of 868 plans in the non-traditional defined benefit plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of

TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available online at *www.tcdrs.org*.

Benefits Provided. The County provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees. TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the County's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCDRS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 165%) and is then converted to an annuity. There are no automatic cost of living adjustments. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	75
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	130
Active employees	124
	329

Actuarial Assumptions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2023, included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 4.7 percent. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.50 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The total pension liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2024 was 7.4 years.

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members were based on the Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table, using 135% for males and 120% for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale after 2010. Mortality rates for retirees were based on the Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table, using 135% for males and 120% for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale after 2010. Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table, using 160% for males and 120% for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale after 2010.

The demographic assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over the year 2017-2020. They were adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in December of 2021. All economic assumptions were adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in March of 2021. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.60%. The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2024 information for a 10-year time horizon.

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon; the current valuation assumption was adopted by TCDRS in March 2021. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table that follows.

		Long-term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of Return
Asset Class:	Allocation	(Geometric)
US equities	11.5%	4.75%
Global equities	2.5%	4.75%
International equities - developed	5.0%	4.75%
International equities - emerging	6.0%	4.75%
Investment-grade bonds	3.0%	2.35%
Strategic credit	9.0%	3.65%
Direct lending	16.0%	7.25%
Distressed debt	4.0%	6.90%
REIT equities	2.0%	4.10%
Master limited partnerships	2.0%	5.20%
Private real estate partnerships	6.0%	5.70%
Private equity	25.0%	7.75%
Hedge funds	6.0%	3.25%
Cash equivalents	2.0%	0.60%
Total	100.0%	

Contributions and Actuarial Information. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings. The employee contribution rate may be changed by the County, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually, and the employer is required to contribute at that rate. The employer may increase its contribution rate and/or make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution.

The County has not elected the annually determined contribution rate ("ADCR") plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 9.46% for calendar year 2023 and 9.46% for calendar year 2024. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for fiscal year 2024 is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the County. For fiscal year 2024, the County's contributions totaled \$99,772 and included \$157,780 in excess of required contributions.

The County's Net Pension Liability/Asset ("NPL") was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability ("TPL") used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.60%, which is net of investment expenses and increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/Asset. A schedule of changes in net pension liability/asset follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T 	Total Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension ability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	11,549,761	\$	10,991,237	\$	558,524
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		566,916		-		566,916
Interest on total pension liability		895,595		-		895,595
Effect of plan changes		93,177		-		93,177
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		222,087		-		222,087
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions		(69,066)		(69,066)		-
Benefit payments		(608,412)		(608,412)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(6,546)		6,546
Employer contributions		-		640,698		(640,698)
Member contributions		-		357,336		(357,336)
Net investment income		-		1,211,120		(1,211,120)
Other	_			20,456	_	(20,456)
Net changes		1,100,297	_	1,545,586	_	(445,289)
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$	12,650,058	\$	12,536,823	\$	113,235

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability/asset of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (6.60%) (7.60%)	Discount Rate (8.60%)
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 14,195,847 \$ 12,650,058 12,536,823 12,536,823	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,659,024 \$ 113,235	\$ (1,183,880)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized net pension (benefit) expense of \$131,657. Net pension (benefit) expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

	Governmental
Function/program	<u>Activities</u>
General administration	\$ 15,796
Public services	4,946
Public safety	72,434
Judicial and elections	10,465
Financial administration	7,078
Public transportation	20,938
Total	<u>\$ 131,657</u>

At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred amounts related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred
	Outflows of		In	flows of
	R	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	148,058	\$	(6,165)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		77,651		-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		471,881		_
Totals, governmental activities	\$	697,590	\$	(6,165)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as summarized in the table that follows.

	Ι	Deferred	D	eferred	
	Οι	Outflows of		Inflows of	
Plan year ended December 31,	<u>R</u>	esources	Re	esources	
2024	\$	482,627	\$	(6,165)	
2025		47,085		-	
2026		240,540		-	
2027		(72,662)		-	
Total	\$	697,590	\$	(6,165)	

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Balances. Interfund receivable and payable balances are the result of cash needed by a special revenue fund until the fund is able to generate sufficient revenues to cover expenditures. These receivables and payables are netted and eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position. Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2024 are as follows:

Fund	Reco	Receivable		Payable	
General fund	\$	56,641	\$	(113,603)	
Road and bridge fund		29,880		(23,336)	
Capital projects fund		-		(24,639)	
Grants fund		91,850		(5,410)	
Nonmajor		38,644		(50,027)	
Totals	\$	217,015	\$	(217,015)	

Interfund Transfers. Transfers between funds are indicative of funding for capital projects; lease payments or debt service; subsidies of various County operations; and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule summarizes the County's transfers at September 30, 2024:

	,	Transfers		Transfers
Fund		<u>In</u>		Out
General fund	\$	7,200	\$	(3,222,319)
Road and bridge fund		1,200,000		-
Capital projects fund		1,951,273		-
Grants fund		-		-
Nonmajor		71,046		(7,200)
Totals	\$	3,229,519	\$	(3,229,519)

OTHER INFORMATION

Health Care Coverage

During the year, employees of the County were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The county paid premiums of \$684 per month per employee and dependents to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2 of the Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract is renewable annually on October 1.

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County provides insurance coverage for each of these risks. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. Settled claims did not exceed this coverage during the current year.

Contingencies and Uncertainties

Grants. All amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the granting agency. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may be required to be repaid to the granting agency. Amounts payable by the County in its capacity as a pass-through grantor have been accrued along with an offsetting grant receivable. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 4, 2025, the date when the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts		Variances	
	Original Final				Fav (Unfav)			
	 Adopted		Appropriated		Fund Basis	Fi	nal to Actual	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ 6,401,908	\$	6,401,908	\$	6,472,083	\$	70,175	
General sales and use taxes	965,000		965,000		1,158,271		193,271	
Selective sales and use taxes	290,000		290,000		313,206		23,206	
Fees, licenses, and permits	577,053		577,053		764,347		187,294	
Charges for services	110,995		110,995		136,028		25,033	
Fines and forfeitures	170,500		170,500		230,828		60,328	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	107,700		107,700		140,049		32,349	
Contributions and donations from private sources	-		-		-		-	
Payments in lieu of taxes	-		-		-		-	
Investment earnings	208,650		280,650		353,826		73,176	
Other revenue	950		950		282,099		281,149	
Total revenues	 8,832,756		8,904,756	_	9,850,737		945,981	
EXPENDITURES								
General administration	2,826,957		2,235,656		1,849,023		386,633	
Financial administration	476,402		484,634		469,695		14,939	
Judicial and elections	1,797,629		1,884,257		1,605,930		278,327	
Public service	734,700		750,044		668,073		81,971	
Public safety	4,692,090		4,758,177		4,227,541		530,636	
Public transportation	-		-		-		-	
Health and welfare	-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay	437,710		1,010,238		960,246		49,992	
Debt service								
Principal	191,379		12,969		13,596		(627)	
Interest	 				1,168		(1,168)	
Total expenditures	 11,156,867		11,135,975	_	9,795,272		1,340,703	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,324,111)		(2,231,219)	_	55,465		2,286,684	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property	-		_		-		-	
Transfers in	7,200		7,200		7,200		-	
Transfers out	(5,393,000)		(5,352,663)		(3,222,319)		2,130,344	
Net other financing sources (uses)	(5,385,800)	_	(5,345,463)		(3,215,119)		2,130,344	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7,709,911)		(7,576,682)		(3,159,654)		4,417,028	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 12,050,560		12,050,560	_	12,050,560			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,340,649	\$	4,473,878	\$	8,890,906	\$	4,417,028	

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts		Variances	
	Original		Final				Fav (Unfav)	
		Adopted		Appropriated		Fund Basis	F	Final to Actual
REVENUES							_	
Property taxes	\$	584,906	\$	584,906	\$	590,319	\$	5,413
General sales and use taxes	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Selective sales and use taxes		_		_		_		_
Fees, licenses, and permits		522,573		522,573		464,325		(58,248)
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		14,616		14,616		15,827		1,211
Investment earnings		12,000		12,000		53,223		41,223
Other revenue		75,000		105,000		140,333		35,333
Total revenues		1,209,095		1,239,095		1,264,027		24,932
EXPENDITURES								
General administration		-		-		-		-
Financial administration		_		-		-		-
Judicial and elections		-		-		-		-
Public service		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public transportation		2,746,024		2,839,965		2,498,776		341,189
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		353,350		383,906		283,120		100,786
Debt service								
Principal		60,000		44,187		1,421		42,766
Interest			_			27		(27)
Total expenditures		3,159,374	_	3,268,058	_	2,783,344	_	484,714
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,950,279)	_	(2,028,963)	_	(1,519,317)	_	509,646
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		1,200,000		1,300,193		1,200,000		(100,193)
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		1,200,000		1,300,193		1,200,000		(100,193)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(750,279)		(728,770)		(319,317)		409,453
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,461,151	_	1,461,151		1,461,151		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	710,872	\$	732,381	\$	1,141,834	\$	409,453

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Variances		
	Original Adopted		Final Appropriated		Fund Basis		Fav (Unfav) Final to Actual	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General sales and use taxes		-		-		-		-
Selective sales and use taxes		-		-		-		-
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		-		-		122 002		116.002
Investment earnings		6,000		6,000		122,803		116,803
Other revenue					_	<u>-</u>		
Total revenues	_	6,000	_	6,000	_	122,803		116,803
EXPENDITURES								
General administration		-		-		-		-
Financial administration		-		-		-		-
Judicial and elections		-		-		-		-
Public service		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public transportation		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		4,934,400		4,793,870		1,701,714		3,092,156
Debt service								
Principal Interest		-		-		-		-
	_	4 024 400	_	4 702 070	_	1 701 714		2 002 156
Total expenditures		4,934,400	_	4,793,870		1,701,714		3,092,156
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(4,928,400)		(4,787,870)		(1,578,911)		3,208,959
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		4,150,000		4,009,470		1,951,273		(2,058,197)
Transfers out								
Net other financing sources (uses)		4,150,000	_	4,009,470	_	1,951,273		(2,058,197)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(778,400)		(778,400)		372,362		1,150,762
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		801,006	_	801,006		801,006		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	22,606	\$	22,606	\$	1,173,368	\$	1,150,762

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Α	ctual Amounts	Variances		
		Original Adopted		Final Appropriated	Fund Basis			av (Unfav) al to Actual	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
General sales and use taxes		-		-		-		-	
Selective sales and use taxes		-		-		-		-	
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		-		-		-	
Charges for services		-		-		-		-	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		5,491		5,491		420,421		414,930	
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-	
Other revenue					_				
Total revenues	_	5,491		5,491		420,421		414,930	
EXPENDITURES									
General administration		2,271,362		2,271,362		363,967		1,907,395	
Financial administration		-		-		-		-	
Judicial and elections		3,226		3,226		-		3,226	
Public service		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		52,722		52,761		52,722		39	
Public transportation		37,378		37,378		3,732		33,646	
Health and welfare		54,693		54,693		-		54,693	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		-		-	
Interest									
Total expenditures	_	2,419,381		2,419,420	_	420,421		1,998,999	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,413,890)		(2,413,929)		-		2,413,929	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		_		_					
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		_		_		_		_	
Transfers in		_		_		_		_	
Transfers out		_		_		_		_	
Net other financing sources (uses)			_	-		-			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,413,890)		(2,413,929)				2,413,929	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	(2,413,890)	\$	(2,413,929)	\$	-	\$	2,413,929	
					_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY PROCESS

The County Judge submits a proposed annual budget for the next succeeding fiscal year to the Commissioners Court for review and approval prior to year-end. Routinely, several budget workshops are held in which the proposed budget is reviewed and possibly revised. In September, the Commissioners Court and County Judge legally enact the annual budget by passage of a resolution.

A proposed annual operating budget is filed by the County Judge and Commissioners Court with the County Clerk's office and made available for public inspection at least 15 days prior to public budget hearing. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally enacted by the Commissioners Court on or before October 1, as required by statute. Only the Commissioners Court may amend the budget. Under state statute, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgetary appropriations at any level for which the budget is formally approved. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. Budgets are adopted for all funds except the fiduciary funds.

Subsequent to approval, the Commissioners' Court and County Judge may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and expenditures. The County amended its budget several times during the year, with all budget amendments being approved by a resolution of the Commissioners Court.

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS - LAST TEN YEARS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Plan Year Ending December 31, *															
		2023	2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost		\$ 566,916	,		\$,	\$	421,855	\$	390,338	\$	385,739	\$	395,660	\$	319,538	\$ 302,484
Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs		895,595 93,177	833,979 88,883	800,762 102,887 (105,869)	,	752,302 - 548,703		694,008		644,766 - -		605,234 - 70,141		575,021 (523,734)		565,841 (54,119) 107,291	499,543 126,924
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		222,087 (677,478)	(18,493) (644,227))	69,385 (547,862)		111,617 (518,443)		37,506 (474,803)	_	(89,163) (501,675)		(42,920) (458,281)		(144,025) (413,941)	 251,174 (256,778)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		1,100,297	745,395	425,558		1,269,451		709,037		597,807		470,276		(54,254)		380,585	923,347
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - BEGINNING		11,549,761	10,804,366	10,378,808	_	9,109,357	_	8,400,320	_	7,802,513		7,332,237	_	7,386,491	_	7,005,906	 6,082,559
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING ((a)	\$ 12,650,058	<u>\$ 11,549,761</u>	\$ 10,804,366	\$	10,378,808	\$	9,109,357	\$	8,400,320	\$	7,802,513	\$	7,332,237	\$	7,386,491	\$ 7,005,906
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income, net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other		\$ 640,698 357,336 1,211,120 (677,478) (6,546) 20,456	\$ 572,165 308,211 (688,870) (644,227) (6,441) 42,781	280,003 2,044,542 (702,379))	361,465 280,519 857,533 (547,862) (6,767) 3,608		337,419 261,858 1,159,485 (518,443) (6,324) 3,923		325,725 252,781 (130,930) (474,803) (5,671) 3,802	\$	312,518 242,126 897,608 (501,675) (4,715) 665	\$	311,027 227,027 414,651 (458,281) (4,512) 63,562	\$	291,083 212,346 (7,866) (413,941) (3,980) 70,116	\$ 270,298 206,109 335,071 (256,778) (3,975) 22,755
NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		1,545,586	(416,381)	2,160,142		948,496		1,237,918		(29,096)		946,527		553,474		147,758	573,480
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - BEGINNING		10,991,237	11,407,618	9,247,476		8,298,980		7,061,062	_	7,090,158		6,143,631	_	5,590,157	_	5,442,399	4,868,919
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	(b)	\$ 12,536,823	\$ 10,991,237	\$ 11,407,618	\$	9,247,476	\$	8,298,980	\$	7,061,062	\$	7,090,158	\$	6,143,631	\$	5,590,157	\$ 5,442,399
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - ENDING (a	- b)	\$ 113,235	\$ 558,524	\$ (603,252)	\$	1,131,332	\$	810,377	\$	1,339,258	\$	712,355	\$	1,188,606	\$	1,796,334	\$ 1,563,507
RELATED RATIOS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability		99.10%	95.16%	105.58%)	89.10%		91.10%		84.06%		90.87%		83.79%		75.68%	77.68%
Pensionable Covered Payroll		\$ 5,104,797	\$ 4,403,021	\$ 4,000,047	\$	4,007,413	\$	3,740,824	\$	3,611,159	\$	3,458,936	\$	3,243,248	\$	3,033,512	\$ 2,944,421
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of Covered Payroll		2.22%	12.69%	-15.08%)	28.23%		21.66%		37.09%		20.59%		36.65%		59.22%	53.10%

^{* -} In accordance with GASB standards, the County has elected to present data calculated at the actuarial valuation/measurement date, which occurs on December 31 of the year preceding each fiscal year.

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fiscal Year End Septembe	ing	Det	tuarially ermined tribution	En	Actual nployer tribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Pensionable Covered Payroll		as a % o	ontribution f Covered yroll
2015		\$	292,599	\$	292,599	\$	_	\$	3,085,129		9.48%
2016			302,816		303,208		(392)		3,159,932		9.60%
2017			313,389		313,913		(524)		3,422,050		9.17%
2018			322,317		322,317		-		3,573,364		9.02%
2019			332,412		332,299		113		3,684,028		9.02%
2020			351,745		351,745		_		3,899,642		9.02%
2021			364,856		414,856		(50,000)		3,964,666		10.46%
2022			396,155		563,670		(167,515)		4,209,833		13.39%
2023			466,436		622,075		(155,639)		4,209,833		14.78%
2024			541,992		699,772		(157,780)		5,729,283		12.21%

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31,

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are

reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, Closed

Amortization Period 7.4 years (based on contribution rate calculate in 12/31/23 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 4.7% average over career including inflation, varies by age and service.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service

retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the

Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of

the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and

Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2015: New inflation, mortality, and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality, and other assumptions were reflected.

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned

after 2017.

2018 - 2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2022 - 2023: Employer contributions reflect that a 30% CPI COLA was

adopted.

*Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in these Notes.

Other Information No changes in plan provisions are reflected in the Schedule of Pension

Contributions.

Presentation of Schedule In accordance with GASB standards, the County reports contribution

activity included in the Schedule of Pension Contributions based on the

County's fiscal year end of September 30.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,110	\$	1,416,716	\$	1,439,826	
Receivables Property tayon not of allowence		11,567		4,981		16,548	
Property taxes, net of allowance Grants		-		58,661		58,661	
Other - miscellaneous		_		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		38,644		38,644	
Prepaid items				11,031		11,031	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34,677	\$	1,530,033	\$	1,564,710	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Deficit in pooled cash	\$	-	\$	5,634	\$	5,634	
Accounts payable		-		94,797		94,797	
Accrued expenses Cash bonds pending		-		21,133		21,133	
Due to other funds		- -		50,027		50,027	
Unearned revenues		_		61,168		61,168	
Total liabilities				232,759		232,759	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		9,762		3,134		12,896	
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,762		3,134		12,896	
Fund balances							
Nonspendable		-		11,031		11,031	
Restricted		24,915		1,086,975		1,111,890	
Committed for:							
Indigent healthcare		-		196,134		196,134	
TxDOT project Assigned		<u>-</u>		-		-	
Unassigned		_		<u>-</u>		-	
Total fund balances		24,915		1,294,140		1,319,055	
		,,, 10		-,> .,1 10		-,017,000	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	ø	24 (77	¢	1 520 022	¢.	1 5 (4 7 1 0	
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	34,677	\$	1,530,033	\$	1,564,710	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Debt Service Fund			Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	224,025	\$	227,268	\$ 451,293
Selective sales and use taxes		-		51,731	51,731
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		72,598	72,598
Charges for services		-		15,000	15,000
Fines and forfeitures		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		-		714,920	714,920
Contributions and donations from private sources		-		1,814	1,814
Investment earnings		771		94,293	95,064
Other revenue				5,454	 5,454
Total revenues		224,796		1,183,078	1,407,874
EXPENDITURES					
General administration		-		2,687	2,687
Financial administration		-		-	_
Judicial and elections		-		197,774	197,774
Public service		-		138,618	138,618
Public safety		-		427,405	427,405
Public transportation		-		-	-
Health and welfare		-		179,535	179,535
Capital outlay		-		146,586	146,586
Debt service					
Principal		195,000		-	195,000
Interest		20,779			 20,779
Total expenditures		215,779		1,092,605	1,308,384
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		9,017		90,473	 99,490
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		-		-	-
Transfers in		5,044		66,002	71,046
Transfers out		-		(7,200)	(7,200)
Net other financing sources (uses)		5,044		58,802	63,846
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		14,061		149,275	163,336
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		10,854		1,144,865	 1,155,719
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	24,915	\$	1,294,140	\$ 1,319,055

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Indigent Healthcare Fund			Law Library Fund	County Clerk Records Preservation		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	195,336	\$	4,755	\$	406,370	
Receivables	Þ	193,330	Ф	4,733	Φ	400,370	
Property taxes, net of allowance		4,981		_		_	
Grants		-		-		-	
Other - miscellaneous		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		8,796		-		-	
Prepaid items		9,962					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	219,075	\$	4,755	\$	406,370	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities	¢.		Ф		Φ		
Deficit in pooled cash	\$	0.945	\$	1 202	\$	-	
Accounts payable Accrued expenses		9,845		1,202		-	
Cash bonds pending		_		_		_	
Due to other funds		_		_		_	
Unearned revenues		_		_		-	
Total liabilities		9,845		1,202		_	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		3,134		_			
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,134					
Fund balances							
Nonspendable		9,962		-		-	
Restricted		-		3,553		406,370	
Committed for:							
Indigent healthcare		196,134		-		-	
Assigned		-		-		-	
Unassigned			-			<u> </u>	
Total fund balances		206,096		3,553		406,370	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	219,075	\$	4,755	\$	406,370	

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(continued)

	Fo	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund		Law Forcement ining Fund	 TJJD Grant Fund
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,706	\$	36,709	\$ 17,127
Receivables					
Property taxes, net of allowance		-		-	- (740
Grants Other - miscellaneous		-		-	6,748
Due from other funds		-		-	4,223
Prepaid items		_		_	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,706	\$	36,709	\$ 28,098
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities					
Deficit in pooled cash	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Accounts payable	·	-	·	-	23,966
Accrued expenses		-		-	-
Cash bonds pending		-		-	-
Due to other funds		-		-	-
Unearned revenues					
Total liabilities					 23,966
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes					
Total deferred inflows of resources					
Fund balances					
Nonspendable		-		-	-
Restricted		3,706		36,709	4,132
Committed for:					
FY 2021 budget - district attorney		-		-	-
Assigned Unassigned		-		-	_
Total fund balances		3,706		36,709	 4,132
		3,700		30,709	 4,134
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,706	\$	36,709	\$ 28,098

Con	storical nmission Fund	Me	ibrary emorial Fund	Technology		R	District Clerk Records Preservation		Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund		ourthouse Security Fund
\$	5,713	\$	1,179	\$	18,839	\$	46,492	\$	471,302	\$	32,838
	_		_		_		_		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- - -		- - -		- 112 -		- 40 -		- - -		- 131 -
\$	5,713	\$	1,179	\$	18,951	\$	46,532	\$	471,302	\$	32,969
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 129
	-		-		-		-		-		2,466
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		27
											2,622
					-				-		-
	- 5,713		- 1,179		- 18,951		46,532		- 471,302		30,347
	-		-		-		-		-		-
											-
	5,713		1,179		18,951		46,532		471,302		30,347
\$	5,713	\$	1,179	\$	18,951	\$	46,532	\$	471,302	\$	32,969

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(continued)

	Senior Meals Program Fund			CTIF Grant Fund	Sheriff's RLEA Grant Fund		
ASSETS	¢	14.006	ø	24 (59	¢	(2.252	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	14,896	\$	24,658	\$	62,252	
Property taxes, net of allowance		_		_		_	
Grants		12,176		-		12,648	
Other - miscellaneous		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		25,342		-	
Prepaid items		1,069					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	28,141	\$	50,000	\$	74,900	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Deficit in pooled cash	\$	5,634	\$	-	\$	-	
Accounts payable		1,283		-		54,816	
Accrued expenses		2,059		-		12,648	
Cash bonds pending Due to other funds		-		50,000		-	
Unearned revenues		_		50,000		_	
Total liabilities		8,976	-	50,000		67,464	
		0,270		30,000		07,101	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	-						
Total deferred inflows of resources					-		
Fund balances							
Nonspendable		1,069		-		-	
Restricted		18,096		-		7,436	
Committed for:							
FY 2021 budget - district attorney		-		-		-	
Assigned		-		-		-	
Unassigned Total fund balances		10 165				7 426	
		19,165				7,436	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	28,141	\$	50,000	\$	74,900	

DA's RLEA Grant Fund		V	Child Velfare Fund	Assessor's Γ Interest Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			
\$	41,792	\$	21,882	\$ 10,870	\$	1,416,716		
	- 27,089		-	-		4,981 58,661		
	- - -		- - -	- - -		38,644 11,031		
\$	68,881	\$	21,882	\$ 10,870	\$	1,530,033		
\$	3,556 3,960	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	5,634 94,797 21,133		
	61,168		- - -	 - - - -		50,027 61,168 232,759		
	-		-	 <u>-</u>		3,134 3,134		
	- 197		21,882	10,870		11,031 1,086,975		
	- - -		- - -	- - -		196,134 - -		
	197		21,882	 10,870		1,294,140		
\$	68,881	\$	21,882	\$ 10,870	\$	1,530,033		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Indigent Healthcare Fund			Law Library Fund	County Clerk Records Preservation		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	227,268	\$	-	\$	-	
Selective sales and use taxes		-		-		-	
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		8,640		46,886	
Charges for services		-		-		-	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		-		-		-	
Contributions and donations from private sources		-		-		-	
Investment earnings		-		-		37,457	
Other revenue							
Total revenues		227,268		8,640		84,343	
EXPENDITURES							
General administration		-		-		-	
Financial administration		-		-		-	
Judicial and elections		-		15,904		-	
Public service		-		-		1,528	
Public safety		-		-		-	
Public transportation		-		-		-	
Health and welfare		171,556		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-	
Debt service							
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest		-				-	
Total expenditures		171,556		15,904		1,528	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		55,712		(7,264)		82,815	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		_		_		_	
Transfers in		_		5,000		_	
Transfers out		_		-		(7,200)	
Net other financing sources (uses)		-		5,000		(7,200)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		55,712	-	(2,264)		75,615	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		150,384		5,817		330,755	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	206,096	\$	3,553	\$	406,370	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(continued)

	For	heriff feiture Fund	Enfor	aw cement ng Fund	TJJD Grant Fund		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Selective sales and use taxes		-		-		-	
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		-		-	
Charges for services		-		-		-	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		-		10,759		82,741	
Contributions and donations from private sources		-		-		-	
Investment earnings		266		-		892	
Other revenue		-					
Total revenues		266	-	10,759		83,633	
EXPENDITURES							
General administration		-		-		-	
Financial administration		-		-		-	
Judicial and elections		-		-		-	
Public service		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		2,608		83,300	
Public transportation		-		-		-	
Health and welfare		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-	
Debt service							
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest		-					
Total expenditures		_		2,608		83,300	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		266		8,151		333	
				0,101			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		-		-		-	
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out							
Net other financing sources (uses)							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		266		8,151		333	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,440		28,558		3,799	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	3,706	\$	36,709	\$	4,132	

Historical Library Commission Memorial Fund Fund		Justice Court Technology Fund		District Clerk Records Preservation		otel/Motel upancy Tax Fund	Courthouse Security Fund		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	-	-		5,011		- 467	51,731		- 11,594
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	795	875		1 155		2.546	-		4.056
	518 2,413	152		1,155		3,546	33,619		4,056
	3,726	1,027		6,166		4,013	85,350		15,650
	_	_		_		_	_		_
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	-		3,000		-	-		-
	8,376	2,131		-		3,537	36,000		-
	-	-		-		-	-		63,203
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	8,376	 2,131		3,000		3,537	 36,000		63,203
	(4,650)	 (1,104)		3,166		476	 49,350		(47,553)
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	 					 		-
	(4,650)	(1,104)		3,166		476	49,350		(47,553)
	10,363	 2,283		15,785		46,056	 421,952		77,900
\$	5,713	\$ 1,179	\$	18,951	\$	46,532	\$ 471,302	\$	30,347

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(continued)

	P	ior Meals rogram Fund	G	TIF rant und	Sheriff's RLEA Grant Fund	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Selective sales and use taxes		-		-		-
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		-		-
Charges for services		15,000		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		79,764		-		362,648
Contributions and donations from private sources		74		-		-
Investment earnings		850		-		7,436
Other revenue		-		-		-
Total revenues		95,688				370,084
EXPENDITURES						
General administration		-		-		-
Financial administration		-		-		-
Judicial and elections		-		-		-
Public service		87,046		-		-
Public safety		-		-		278,294
Public transportation		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-
Capital outlay		34,873		-		107,356
Debt service						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-
Total expenditures		121,919		-		385,650
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(26,231)		_		(15,566)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from sale of real and personal property		_		_		_
Transfers in		38,000		_		23,002
Transfers out		-		_		
Net other financing sources (uses)		38,000		_		23,002
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		11,769				7,436
		ŕ		-		7,430
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,396				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	19,165	\$		\$	7,436

RI	DA's LEA Grant Fund	Child Velfare Fund	Assessor's I Interest Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	227,268		
	-	-	-		51,731		
	-	-	-		72,598		
	-	-	-		15,000		
	-	-	-		-		
	179,008	-	-		714,920		
	70	-	-		1,814		
	4,346	3,041	-		94,293 5,454		
	192 424	 	 				
	183,424	 3,041	 <u> </u>		1,183,078		
	-	-	2,687		2,687		
	-	-	-		-		
	178,870	-	-		197,774		
	-	-	-		138,618		
	-	-	-		427,405		
	-	7.070	-		170.525		
	4 257	7,979	-		179,535		
	4,357	-	-		146,586		
	-	-	-		-		
	183,227	 7,979	 2,687		1,092,605		
	197	 (4,938)	 (2,687)		90,473		
	_	_	_		_		
	-	-	-		66,002		
		_	_		(7,200)		
		 	<u> </u>		58,802		
	197	(4,938)	(2,687)		149,275		
		 26,820	 13,557		1,144,865		
\$	197	\$ 21,882	\$ 10,870	\$	1,294,140		

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Sheriff's					
	County Court Restitution			Inmate Commissary		nmate ast Fund			
ASSETS									
Cash	\$		\$	118,909	¢	3,370			
Invested cash	Ф	-	Ф	110,909	Ф	3,370			
Due from other funds		-		-		-			
TOTAL ASSETS				118,909		3,370			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		-		-		_			
Due to Madison County funds		-		-		_			
Due to other governmental units									
TOTAL LIABILITIES									
NET POSITION									
Restricted for:									
Individuals, organizations, or other governments				118,909		3,370			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$		\$	118,909	\$	3,370			

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	 District A	12/278th			
	titution t Check	Forfeiture Trust		Judicial Distric Probation	
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 3,412	\$	50,899	\$	-
Invested cash	-		-		-
Assets held in escrow	 				
TOTAL ASSETS	 3,412		50,899		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	3,412		-		-
Due to Madison County funds	-		-		-
Due to other governmental units	 				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 3,412		-		
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Individuals, organizations, or other governments	 		50,899		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ _	\$	50,899	\$	_

Tax Assessor's

Ad Valorem		Motor Vehicle		Sales and Use Tax		BP Tax Escrow		VIT Escrow		Boat and Motors	
\$	947 -	\$	1,480,604	\$	- -	\$	37,543	\$	64,446	\$	48,019
											-
	947		1,480,604				37,543		64,446		48,019
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- 947		- 1,480,604		-		-		-		48,019
	947		1,480,604		-		-		-		48,019
							27.542		CA AAC		
							37,543		64,446		-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,543	\$	64,446	\$	-

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	ınty Clerk Registry	strict Clerk Registry	County Clerk Fee Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ -	\$ 1,997,515	\$	-
Invested cash	211,051	414,427		-
Assets held in escrow	 -	 		_
TOTAL ASSETS	 211,051	 2,411,942		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	-	_		-
Due to Madison County funds	-	_		-
Due to other governmental units	 -	 		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 	 		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, organizations, or other governments	 211,051	 2,411,942		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 211,051	\$ 2,411,942	\$	

											Total
District Clerk Fee Fund		Sheriff's Fee Fund		JP #1 Fee Fund		J	P #2	St	ate Fees	Custodial	
						Fee Fund			Fund	Funds	
\$	-	\$	_	\$	3,142	\$	25	\$	44,770	\$	3,853,601
	-		-		-		-		-		625,478
			-								
			-		3,142		25		44,770		4,479,079
	-		_		_		_		_		3,412
	-		-		-		-		876		876
			-		_				43,894		1,573,464
			-				_		44,770		1,577,752
	_		_		3,142		25		_		2,901,327
<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	3,142	\$	25	\$		\$	2,901,327
ψ		Φ		Φ	3,142	Φ	23	Φ		Φ	2,701,327

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Sheriff's				
	County Court Restitution			nmate nmissary	Inmate Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS							
Taxes and fees collected	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Trust/escrow contributions		17,251		-		-	
Inmate accounts		-		30,847		181,778	
Hot check collections		-		-		-	
Seizures pending judgment		-		-		-	
Investment interest							
TOTAL ADDITIONS		17,251		30,847		181,778	
DEDUCTIONS							
Taxes and fees collected for Madison County		-		-		22,507	
Taxes and fees collected for other governments		-		-		6,151	
Disbursements to beneficiaries		17,251		-		-	
Inmate accounts		-		-		61,822	
Refunds and overpayments		-		-		-	
Other expenses				16,696		101,927	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		17,251		16,696		192,407	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN							
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		-		14,151		(10,629)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR				104,758		13,999	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	118,909	\$	3,370	

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	 District A	12/278th			
	stitution t Check	F	orfeiture Trust	Judicial District Probation	
ADDITIONS					
Taxes and fees collected	\$ -	\$	-	\$	390,375
Trust/escrow contributions	-		-		-
Inmate accounts	-		-		-
Hot check collections	2,012		-		-
Seizures pending judgment	-		44,480		-
Investment interest	 		399		69
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 2,012		44,879		390,444
DEDUCTIONS					
Taxes and fees collected for Madison County	-		-		-
Taxes and fees collected for other governments	-		-		390,444
Disbursements to beneficiaries	2,012		61,968		-
Inmate accounts	-		-		-
Refunds and overpayments	-		-		-
Other expenses	 -		_		_
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 2,012		61,968		390,444
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN					
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	-		(17,089)		-
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 		67,988		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$	50,899	\$	

Tax Assessor's

Ad Valorem		 Motor Vehicle		Sales and Use Tax		BP Tax Escrow		VIT Escrow		Boat and Motors	
\$	22,315,769	\$ 3,799,863	\$	15,034,835	\$	30,574	\$	103,429	\$	952,956	
	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-		-	
		 		-				1,043		-	
	22,315,769	 3,799,863		15,034,835		30,574		104,472	_	952,956	
	7 957 164	577 762		200 115		4.501		124 074		52.514	
	7,857,164 14,193,412	577,763 3,221,436		300,115 14,734,720		4,501		134,074		52,514 900,442	
	14,193,412	5,221,430		14,734,720		_		_		900, 44 2	
	_	_		_		_		_		_	
	252,262	664		_		_		_		_	
	12,931	 -		-		-				-	
	22,315,769	 3,799,863		15,034,835		4,501		134,074		952,956	
	-	_		-		26,073		(29,602)		-	
	-	_		-		11,470		94,048		-	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	37,543	\$	64,446	\$	-	

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	County Clerk Registry		D:	istrict Clerk Registry	County Clerk Fee Fund	
ADDITIONS						
Taxes and fees collected	\$	-	\$	-	\$	178,656
Trust/escrow contributions		30,903		1,931,260		-
Inmate accounts		-		-		-
Hot check collections		-		-		-
Seizures pending judgment		-		-		-
Investment interest		9,933		14,119		-
TOTAL ADDITIONS		40,836		1,945,379	-	178,656
DEDUCTIONS						
Taxes and fees collected for Houston County		-		-		171,155
Taxes and fees collected for other governments		-		-		7,501
Disbursements to beneficiaries		3,327		4,413,234		-
Inmate accounts		-		-		-
Refunds and overpayments		-		-		-
Other expenses				981		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		3,327		4,414,215		178,656
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN						
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		37,509		(2,468,836)		-
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		173,542		4,880,778		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	211,051	\$	2,411,942	\$	-

District Clerk Fee Fund		Sheriff's Fee Fund		JP #1 Fee Fund		JP #2 Fee Fund		State Fees Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
\$	116,528	\$	-	\$	224,757	\$	93,451	\$	-	\$	43,241,193
	500		-		-		-		-		1,979,914
	-		-		-		-		-		212,625
	-		-		-		-		-		2,012
	-		-		-		-		-		44,480
									-		25,563
	117,028		-		224,757		93,451		-		45,505,787
	102,288		-		146,208		59,356		-		9,427,645
	14,240		-		78,834		33,841		-		33,581,021
	500		-		-		-		-		4,498,292
	-		-		-		-		-		61,822
	-		-		-		-		-		252,926
	_						352				132,887
	117,028				225,042		93,549		-		47,954,593
	-		-		(285)		(98)		-		(2,448,806)
	-		-		3,427		123		-		5,350,133
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,142	\$	25	\$	-	\$	2,901,327

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

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517 S. First St. | P.O. Box 468 Lufkin, TX 75902-0468 | (936) 632-8181

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Madison County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madison County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Madison County, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 4, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2024-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as items 2024-002 through 2024-004 to be significant deficiencies.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS – CONTINUED

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Madison County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Madison County, Texas' Response to Findings

Madison County, Texas' response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Madison County, Texas' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP Lufkin, Texas

August 4, 2025

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Financial Statements Audit Findings

<u>2024-001</u> Material Weakness: Operating Bank Account Reconciliation Prior Audit Finding: 2023-001

Condition. The bank account reconciliation for the County's operating cash account was not performed in a timely manner during the year. During the course of the audit, it was determined that the operating cash account was fully reconciled to the general ledger until December 2024.

Criteria or Specific Requirements. Proper accounting for all County funds requires accurate reconciliations to the bank statements to be completed on a monthly basis.

Possible Effect. Failure to properly reconcile accounts and therefore, possibly missing and/or inaccurately reporting bank transactions, could lead to improper and/or incorrect recording of transactions and the misstatement of County financial statements. Additionally, review of bank statements and preparing proper reconciliations serves as one of the best means of safeguarding assets.

Recommendation. Bank reconciliations are a front-line defense for any organization as a means of preventing possible misappropriation of funds and/or inaccurate financing reporting. The County Treasurer's office should reconcile all bank statements to the County's general ledger as soon after month end as practical and the resulting reconciliations should be reviewed by the County Auditor's office, with documentation of the review being indicated thereon.

Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action. See *Management's Responses to Findings and Corrective Action Plan* on page 121.

2024-002 Significant Control Deficiency: Fee Office and Custodial Bank Accounts Prior Audit Finding: 2020-002, 2021-001, 2022-001, and 2023-002

Condition. Certain bank accounts being used by County officials to collect County funds and maintain custodial funds are not included in the County's general ledger system.

Criteria or Specific Requirements. Proper accounting for County funds and custodial funds requires all County activity to be included in the County's financial reporting system.

Possible Effect. Failure to include all relevant accounts in the County's financial reporting system could lead to improper and/or incorrect recording of transactions and the misstatement of County financial statements.

Recommendation. On a regular basis, the County Auditor's office should receive a copy of the check register, complete with all deposits and disbursements, in addition to the bank statement. The register activity should be recorded to the County's financial reporting system. The bank statement should be reconciled to the County financial reporting system to ensure proper inclusion of all transactions.

Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action. See *Management's Responses to Findings and Corrective Action Plan* on page 121.

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

2024-003 Significant Control Deficiency: Accounting for Capital Assets Prior Audit Finding: 2020-004, 2021-003, 2022-002, and 2023-003

Condition. Capital assets represent the County's single largest asset. Historically, details of the County's capital assets have been maintained by individual department heads, largely for insurance and other tracking purposes. The external auditors have maintained a detailed listing of assets, recorded additions and disposals, and calculated depreciation annually. A reconciliation of the audit listing to the County's files does not appear to have occurred.

Additionally, a written capital assets management policy has not been implemented.

Criteria or Specific Requirements. Grant management standards and proper accounting for capital assets require the maintenance of an accurate, detailed listing of all capital assets that meet the County's criteria for capitalization and/or tracking. An essential factor in achieving this detailed listing is the implementation of a County-wide capital asset management policy.

Possible Effect. The inability to rely on this listing could lead to improper tracking and control of fixed asset additions and disposals, as well as potential errors in computing depreciation expense. Failure to maintain proper tracking of capital assets and implement written policies could affect grant funding.

Recommendation. The County should implement a capital assets management policy which addresses criteria/threshold amounts for additions, disposals, and guidelines for the physical counting of capital asset at least biannually. The policy should also include a framework by which a master listing of the County's assets will be maintained/updated.

The County should conduct a comprehensive physical count of all County assets (by department/location), not less than biannually, to ensure accurate listings of assets. After the initial inventory is performed, implement a policy regarding on-going plans to count assets in each department/location on a rotating basis

Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action. See *Management's Responses to Findings and Corrective Action Plan* on page 121.

<u>2024-004</u> Significant Deficiency: Fines Receivable Prior Audit Finding: 2020-005, 2021-004, 2022-003, and 2023-004

Condition. Historically, the JP offices have produced a "Delinquent Cases Pending" report for the purpose of recording the amount of fines outstanding at year end. Audit procedures revealed that these reports are dependent upon the date they are generated. It is speculated that the reports were unavailable because they should have been generated at each month end and could not be reproduced after the fact. As a result, we were unable to produce reports detailing the amount of fines outstanding at year end.

Criteria or Specific Requirements. These reports track fines assessed, collected and/or adjusted, as well as the outstanding balances for each JP's office. Collections are reviewed each month by the County Auditor. However, these reports are needed at year end to adjust the receivable balances.

Possible Effect. Possible fraud, theft, or misappropriation of funds; inaccurate reporting; decreased collections.

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Recommendation. We recommend that the appropriate County official establish a procedure to ensure that all activity relating to fines receivable be tracked each month and that reports supporting the amounts are available.

Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action. See Management's Responses to Findings and Corrective Action Plan on page 121.

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MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Financial Statements Audit Findings

2023-001 Material Weakness: Operating Bank Account Reconciliation

Condition. The bank account reconciliation for the County's operating cash account was not performed in a timely manner during the year.

Recommendation. Bank reconciliations are a front-line defense for any organization as a means of preventing possible misappropriation of funds and/or inaccurate financing reporting. The County Treasurer's office should reconcile all bank statements to the County's general ledger as soon after month end as practical and the resulting reconciliations should be reviewed by the County Auditor's office, with documentation of the review being indicated thereon.

Status. This matter remains outstanding. See current year finding 2024-001 on page 115.

2023-002 Significant Control Deficiency: Fee Office and Custodial Bank Accounts (Prior Audit Finding 2020-002, 2021-001, and 2022-001)

Condition. Certain bank accounts being used by County officials to collect County funds and maintain custodial funds are not included in the County's general ledger system.

Recommendation. On a regular basis, the County Auditor's office should receive a copy of the check register, complete with all deposits and disbursements, in addition to the bank statement. The bank statement should be reconciled to the County financial reporting system to ensure proper inclusion of all transactions.

Status. This matter remains outstanding. See current year finding 2024-002 on page 115.

2023-003 Significant Control Deficiency: Accounting for Capital Assets (Prior Audit Finding 2020-004, 2021-003, and 2022-002)

Condition. Capital assets represent the County's single largest asset. Historically, details of the County's capital assets have been maintained by individual department heads, largely for insurance and other tracking purposes. The external auditors have maintained a detailed listing of assets, recorded additions and disposals, and calculated depreciation annually. A reconciliation of the audit listing to the County's files does not appear to have occurred. During the course of the audit for fiscal year 2021, testing procedures revealed assets with original costs of \$344,957 that were no longer in the County's possession were still being included in the listing and assets still in use by the County totaling \$702,362 were not included in the County's asset listing.

Additionally, a written capital assets management policy has not been implemented.

Recommendation. The County should implement a capital assets management policy which addresses criteria/threshold amounts for additions, disposals, and guidelines for the physical counting of capital asset at least biannually. The policy should also include a framework by which a master listing of the County's assets will be maintained/updated.

The County should conduct a comprehensive physical count of all County assets (by department/location), not less than biannually, to ensure accurate listings of assets. After the initial

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

inventory is performed, implement a policy regarding on-going plans to count assets in each department/location on a rotating basis

Status. This matter remains outstanding. See current year finding 2024-003 on page 116.

2023-004 Significant Deficiency: Fines Receivable (Prior Audit Finding 2020-005, 2021-004, and 2022-003)

Condition. Historically, the JP offices have produced a "Delinquent Cases Pending" report for the purpose of recording the amount of fines outstanding at year end. Audit procedures revealed that these reports are dependent upon the date they are generated. It is speculated that the reports were unavailable because they should have been generated at each month end and could not be reproduced after the fact. As a result, we were unable to produce reports detailing the amount of fines outstanding at year end.

Recommendation. We recommend that the appropriate County official establish a procedure to ensure that all activity relating to fines receivable be tracked each month and that reports supporting the amounts are available.

Status. This matter remains outstanding. See current year finding 2024-004 on pages 116-117.

Major Federal Award Programs Audit Findings

2023-005 Significant Deficiency: Preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Prior Audit Finding 2020-006, 2021-005, and 2022-004)

Condition. A complete schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("SEFA") was not provided.

Recommendation. The appropriate County official should review and revise, as needed, the policies and procedures in place to ensure that all federal grants are properly included in the SEFA. We also recommend that the County implement a policy whereby management of the County's grants is more centralized and the compiled SEFA is subjected to secondary reviews by those individuals with specific knowledge of the County's grants and grant policies. The County should consider obtaining additional training as needed, for those involved in the preparation of the SEFA and other *Uniform Guidance* reporting requirements.

Status. This matter has been resolved.

MADISON COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSES TO FINDINGS AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024



Susan A. Pugh, CPM Madison County Auditor

103 W. Trinity #100 Madisonville, Texas 77864 Tel: (936)241-6221 susan.pugh@madisoncountytx.org

Management's Response to Audit Findings Dated August 4, 2025

Madison County, Texas submits the following response to the Schedule of Audit Findings for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

2024-001 Operating Bank Account Reconciliation

Response and Planned Corrective Action – The operating bank account has been reconciled since January 2025.

Anticipated Implementation Date - January 2025

Official Responsible for Corrective Action - Susan Pugh

2024-002 Fee Office and Custodial Bank Accounts

Response and Planned Corrective Action – Fund 81, County Custodial accounts will be created and monthly activity will be posted by the 10^{th} day of the next month for each account

Anticipated Implementation Date - September 30, 2025

Official Responsible for Corrective Action - Susan Pugh

2024-003 Accounting for Capital Assets

Response and Planned Corrective Action – A written capital asset management policy will be completed and implemented by the County Auditor's office. A second assistant auditor will be hired by October 1, 2025 to aid the county with this implementation.

Anticipated Implementation Date - January 31, 2026

Official Responsible for Corrective Action - Susan Pugh

2024-004 Fines Receivable

Response and Planned Corrective Action – Delinquent case reports are submitted monthly.

Anticipated Implementation Date - October 2024

Official Responsible for Corrective Action - Jon Stevens and Steve Cole

Respectfully,

Dripersa

Susan A. Pugh, CPM Madison County Auditor